

ENGLISH PLACEMENT TEST

Task 1.

Zakreśl właściwą odpowiedź *a, b, c, lub d*.

1. Where born?
a) were he b) was he c) he was d) he were
2. She Poland tomorrow morning.
a) is leaving b) leaves c) leave d) leaving
3. This is the movie we've ever seen.
a) the baddest b) bad c) worse d) the worst
4. If you now, you'll certainly arrive on time.
a) leave b) will leave c) have left d) left
5. Fiona takes her coffee with a of sugar.
a) lump b) bar c) piece d) square
6. The blue scarf is expensive than the violet one.
a) most b) more c) much d) as
7. The theatre is the museum.
a) opposite b) next c) in front d) between
8. You bring your book. You can borrow mine.
a) must b) don't have to c) musn't d) should
9. your friends like being teachers?
a) does b) are c) is d) do
10. My uncle Steven, my father's, is learning Dutch.
a) grandfather c) uncle d) brother d) nephew

Task 2.

Uzupełnij zdania odpowiednimi formami czasowników podanych w nawiasach.
Przykład: I (not, be) American. ► I am not American.

1. Sue (always/ catch) the bus to work.
2. Jenny (not/ go) to the park if it rains.

3. Yesterday, I (go) for a long walk with my boyfriend.
4. Have you ever..... (be) to Spain?
5. I really like (cook).
6. If I were you, I (not go) to see this film.
7. Look! It (snow) outside!
8. Max usually goes sailing at weekends, but last weekend he (play) tennis.
9. She (not/ speak) French.
10. Policemen (wear) uniforms.

Task 3.

Ułóż wyrazy w takiej kolejności, aby powstały poprawne zdania.

Przykład: like/ films/ British/ I ► I like British films.

1. sister / how / your / is / tall / ? /

.....

2. was / Anna / in / last / not / Paris / month / . /

.....

3. always / they / wine / the / in / have / evenings / . /

.....

4. last / did / home / stay / you / night / at / ? /

.....

5. time / it / what / is / ? /

.....

Task 4.

Podkreśl słowo, które nie pasuje do pozostałych.

Przykład: a) pink b) yellow c) cold d) blue

1. a) fridge b) dishwasher c) waschingmaschine d) armchair
2. a) hair b) voice c) nose d) eyes
3. a) receptionist b) aunt c) niece d) grandmother
4. a) went b) wrote c) visited d) were
5. a) doctor b) patient c) nurse d) teacher

Task 5.

Podaj przeciwieństwa do podanych wyrazów. Przykład: good - bad

1. thin -
2. cheap -
3. future -
4. the most interesting -
5. noisy -

Task 6.

Wpisz właściwe przyimki (np. *in, at, for, from, by, on*) tam, gdzie to konieczne. Jeśli przyimka nie da się wstawić, postaw kreskę.

1. summer I play tennis on Sundays.
2. He likes playing football his sons.
3. We always go to Katowice bus.
4. Are you good drawing?
5. What's TV?
6. What have we got dinner? I'm really hungry.
7. Come and see me eight o'clock.
8. What did you do the weekend?
9. Our hotel is fifty metres the sea.
10. We went shopping the morning.

Task 7.

Dodaj po 3 pasujące wyrazy do każdej z poniższych grup słów.

1. pineapple, plum
2. shoulder, finger
3. suit, jumper
4. foggy, rainy
5. sad, funny

Task 8.

Po pierwsze, uzupełnij luki słowami: **What, Where, What time, Why, Who, How, How many.** aby powstały logiczne pytania. Każde słówko użyj tylko raz. Po drugie, udziel odpowiedzi na zadane pytania, całym zdaniem (!). Odpowiedź "I don't know." Nie będzie uznana.

1. do you usually go to bed?

.....

2. languages do you speak?

.....

3. do you usually sit next to at school?

.....

4. sports do you like best?

.....

5. do you want to learn English?

.....

6. were you born?

.....

7. did you get here?

.....

Task 9.

Uzupełnij zdanie jednym wyrazem. Ilość kresek odpowiada ilości liter w danym wyrazie. Dla ułatwienia podane są niektóre litery.

1. I love dogs. In fact, they are my _ _ v _ _ _ _ t _ _ pets.

2. Could you give me a sandwich? I am very _ u _ _ r _ .

3. I am a _ t _ _ _ _ t _ at a school in Sosnowiec.

4. Don't push that door. P _ _ _ _ it!

5. _ x _ _ _ _ e _ me! Is there a chemist's near here?

6. My mother works as an _ c _ _ _ _ s _ in the theatre.

7. Learning English isn't _ o _ _ _ n _ . It is interesting!

8. V _ _ _ t _ _ _ _ n _ do not eat meat.

9. I do not b _ _ _ _ v _ in horoscopes.

10. W _ _ c _ _ o _ _ ! He is driving his car very fast!